

Wonderful words

God: the all loving and powerful being that Christians believe created the world and everything in it

Salvation: being saved or rescued so that humans are no longer separated from God

Saviour: Jesus came to save or rescue people e.g., by showing them how to live

Resurrection: Jesus' return to life after dying

Eternal Life: the belief that through Jesus' death Christians can go to Heaven to be with God for eternity.

Secular: anything that is not connected with religion or religious worldviews

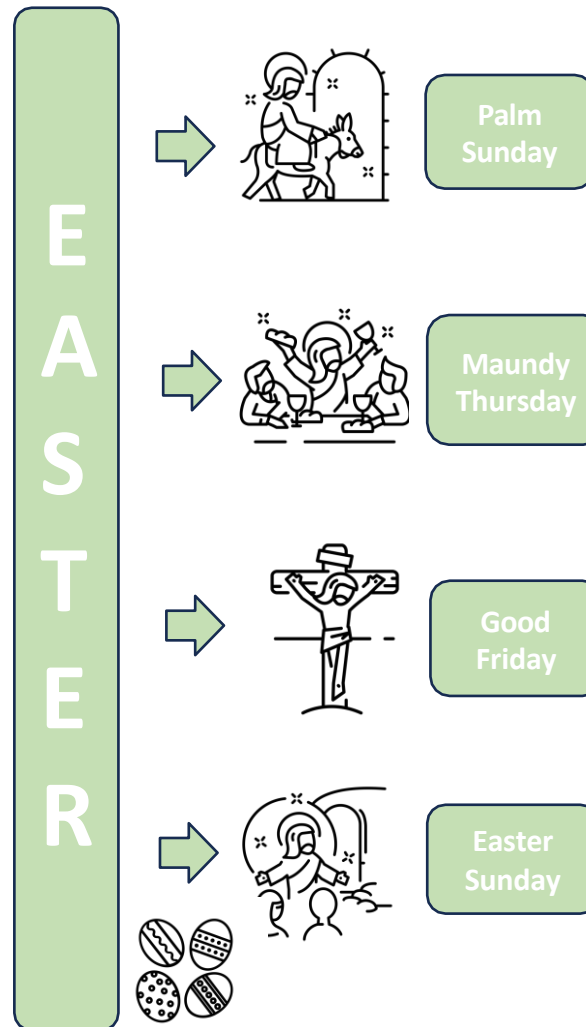
Easter: the Christian festival which remembers the resurrection of Jesus.

Worship: to praise and follow God

Good Friday: the Friday of Holy Week, the day on which Jesus was crucified.

Religious: believing in a religion

So how does it all work?



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Important information

Make sense of belief:

- Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of the “big story” of the Bible.
- Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter; recognise a link with the idea of Salvation.

Understand the impact:

- Give examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter, eg: Palm cross, hot cross buns, walk of witness, joyful songs (easter day).

Making connections:

Think/talk/ask questions about whether the Easter story only has something to say to Christians, or does it say something about sadness, hope or heaven – give a

good reason for their ideas.

Sticky Knowledge

- Recognise that Jesus's birth (Incarnation) and death (Salvation) are part of the “big story” of the Bible.
- Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter; recognise a link with Salvation (Jesus as rescuer and saviour).