## How well did the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings get on with each other? KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

## Substantive Knowledge:

Know that Vikings were pagans and that some converted to Christianity when they settled in Britain.

Compare and contrast the climate and topography of Scandinavia and Britain and explore this as a reason the Vikings first invaded and settled in Britain

Know that the Vikings often arrived to raid but gradually settled over several centuries.

Know who the Vikings were, where they came from and why they invaded Britain.

## Disciplinary Knowledge:

Consider different types of cause and effect for key events in history. Consider how Viking raids led to changes in trade.

Confidently use sources of information to follow up a line of enguiry and distinguish between fact, fiction and opinion. Consider the significance of key events across history and explain the reasons for different interpretations of events (whether the Vikings were raiders or settlers).

## Key Vocabulary:

Millennium, bias, reliable, primary source, secondary source, change, chronology







Was there much difference between the lives of Saxons and the lives of Vikings?





How important was

religion to the Sax-

ons and Vikings?

What is paganism?

Who was St Augustine?

793 CE Viking attacks on Lindis-

842 CE Viking raids on London

787 CE First Scandinavian raids

Timeline of Key Events:

865 CE Great Heathen Army invade

878 CE Battle of Edington

927 CE Athelstan unites English kingdoms

950 CE Vikings from Ireland & Isle of Man raid the west coast of Wales

991 CE Battle of Maldon leads to the first payments of Danegeld

994 CE Danish attack on London

1000 CE Vikings reach Newfoundland

1013 CE King Sven of Sweden lands and becomes King of England

1016 CE King Cnut becomes King of England

1042 CE Saxon Edward the Confessor returns to become King of Eng-

1066 CE Edward the Confessor dies, leading to several contenders claiming the throne. Harold Godwinsson becomes King, but is killed by William the Conqueror at the Battle of Has-

Who was more successful: the Vikings or the Saxons? Who was Athelstan and how important was he in shaping England?



King Alfred: Danelaw—how

did this contribute to the

Vikings?





Jorvik Viking Centre

What was it like in and around York during the

Saxon and Viking times?

What evidence is there to support this?



How did religion change in Britain during the Saxon times?



How did Christianity then spread through Britain? What impact have saints had on this?













How did Saxons organise themselves?

Viking raid on Lindisfarne—why were

monasteries chosen as good places to raid?

Who were the Vikings and why did

they raid and invade Britain?

How was this likely to help them?